



Hoyland Springwood Primary - Progression Overview Document PSHCE

Every Child Matters Academy Trust

Bold Objectives to be taught in mixed age classes

Purple objectives indicate fingertip knowledge

	Relationships	Living in the wider world	Health and wellbeing
EYFS	Building Relationships	Celebrating Difference	Healthy Me
		Being Me in my World	Dreams and Goals
			Changing Me
Year	Families and friendships	Belonging to a community	Physical health and Mental wellbeing
1	Roles of different people; families; feeling cared for Safe relationships	What rules are; caring for others' needs; looking after the environment Media literacy and digital resilience	Keeping healthy; food and exercise, hygiene routines; sun safety Growing and changing
	Recognising privacy; staying safe; seeking permission Respecting ourselves and others	Using the internet and digital devices; communicating online Money and work	Recognising what makes them unique and special; feelings; managing when things go wrong
	How behaviour affects others; being polite and respectful	Strengths and interests; jobs in the community	Keeping safe
	Familias and friendships	Deleveine to a community.	How rules and age restrictions help us; keeping safe online
Year	Families and friendships Making friends; feeling lonely, and getting help	Belonging to a community Belonging to a group; roles and responsibilities; being the same and different	Physical health and Mental wellbeing
2	Safe relationships	in the community	Why sleep is important, medicines and keeping healthy; keeping teeth healthy; managing feelings and asking for help Growing and changing
	Managing secrets; resisting pressure and getting help, recognising hurtful	Media literacy and digital resilience	Growing older; naming body parts; moving class or year
	behaviour Respecting ourselves and others	The internet in everyday life; online content and information Money and work	Keeping safe
	Recognising things in common and differences; playing and working co-	What money is; needs and wants; looking after money	Safety in different environments; risk and safety at home; emergencies
	operatively; sharing opinions	Trial money is, needs and wants, rooming area money	
Year	Families and friendships	Belonging to a community	Physical health and Mental wellbeing
3	What makes a family; features of family life Safe relationships	The value of rules and laws; rights, freedoms and responsibilities Media literacy and digital resilience	Health choices and habits; what affects feelings; expressing feelings Growing and changing
	Personal boundaries; safely responding to others; the impact of hurtful behaviour	How the internet is used; assessing information online Money and work	Personal strengths and achievements; managing and re-framing setbacks Keeping safe
	Respecting ourselves and others	Different jobs and skills; job stereotypes; setting personal goals	Risks and hazards; safety in the local environment and
	Recognising respectful behaviour; the importance of self-respect; courtesy and being polite		unfamiliar places
Year	Families and friendships	Belonging to a community	Physical health and Mental wellbeing
4	Positive friendships, including online Safe relationships	What makes a community; shared responsibilities Media literacy and digital resilience	Maintaining a balanced lifestyle; oral hygiene and dental care Growing and changing
	Responding to hurtful behaviour; managing confidentiality; recognising risks online	How data is shared and used Money and work	Physical and emotional changes in puberty; external genitalia; personal hygiene routines; support with puberty
	Respecting ourselves and others Respecting differences and similarities; discussing difference sensitively	Making decisions about money; using and keeping money safe	Keeping safe Medicines and household products; drugs common to
	Familias and friendships	Poloveine to a community.	everyday life Physical health and Mental wellbeing
Year 5	Families and friendships Managing friendships and peer influence Safe relationships	Belonging to a community Protecting the environment, compassion towards others Media literacy and digital resilience	Healthy sleep habits; sun safety; medicines, vaccinations, immunisations and allergies
	Physical contact and feeling safe	How information online is targeted; different media types, their role and	Growing and changing
	Respecting ourselves and others	impact	Personal identity; recognising individuality and different
	Responding respectfully to a wide rangeof people; recognis ing prejudice and	Money and work	qualities; mental wellbeing
	discrimination	Identifying job interests and aspirations; what influences	Keeping safe
		career choices; workplace stereotypes	Keeping safe in different situations, including responding in emergencies, first aid and FGM
Year	Families and friendships	Belonging to a community	Physical health and Mental wellbeing
6	Attraction to others; romantic relationships; civil partnership and marriage. Safe relationships	Valuing diversity; challenging discrimination and stereotypes Media literacy and digital resilience	What affects mental health and ways to take care of it; managing change, loss and bereavement; managing time online Growing and changing
	Recognising and managing pressure; consent in different situations	Evaluating media sources; sharing things online	Human reproduction and birth;increasing independence; managing
	Respecting ourselves and others	Money and work	transition
	Expressing opinions and respecting other points of view, including discussing topical issues	Influences and attitudes to money; money and financial risks	Keeping safe Keeping personal information safe; regulations and choices; drug use and the law; drug use and the media

Relationships	Celebrating Difference	Being Me in My World	Healthy Me	Dreams and Goals	Changing Me
I can tell you about my family.	I know how it feels to be proud of something I am good at	I understand how it feels to belong and that we are similar and different	I know the names for some parts of my body and am starting to understand that I need to be active to be healthy.	I can work together and enjoy being with my friends.	I can name parts of my body and show respect for myself.
I understand how to make friends i lonely.	I can tell you one way I am special and unique.	I understand how feeling happy and sad can be expressed	I can tell you some of the things I need to do to be healthy.	I understand what a challenge means.	I can tell you some things I can do and some food I can eat to be healthy.
I can tell you some of the things I li about my friends.	l know that all families are different.	I can work together and consider other people's feelings	I know what the word 'healthy' means and	I can keep trying until I can do something.	I understand that we all start as babies and grow into children and then adults.
I know what to say and do if somel mean to me.	body is I know there are lots of different houses and homes.	I can use gentle hands and understand that it is good to be kind to people.	I know how to help myself to go to sleep	I can set a goal and work towards it.	I know that I grow and change.
I can use 'Calm Me' time to manage feelings. Building Relationships	e my I can tell you how I could make new friends.	I am starting to understand children's rights and this means we should all be	and that sleep is good for me. I can wash my hands and know it is	I know some kind words to encourage people with: well done, keep going,you are doing well	I can talk about how I feel moving to School from EYFS.
Work and play cooperatively and ta with others	r can use my words to stand up for mysen	allowed to learn and play. I am learning what being responsible	important to do this before I eat and after I go to the toilet.	I can start to think about the jobs I might like to do when I'm older.	I can remember some fun things about this year
Form positive attachments to adults friendships with peers Show sensitivity to their own and to		means <u>Self-Regulation</u> Show an understanding of their own	I know what to do if I get lost and how to say NO to strangers	I can feel proud when I achieve a goal	
needs.		feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly Set and work towards simple goals, being			
EYFS		able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate Give focused attention to what the teacher			
		says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.			
		Managing Self			
		Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge			
		Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly			
		Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.			
kind, happy, sad, gentle, play, wor similar, different, friends	ld, proud, unique, families, home, house, friends, special, bully	Challenge, effort, goal, encourage, kind words, jobs, aspirations, achievement	Active, healthy, sleep, hygiene, clean hands, germs, stranger	Family, feelings, likes, dislikes, compliment, lonely, calm, together.	Self respect, health food, grow, change, babies, children, adults, feelings, transition, memories.

	Autumn: Relationships		S	oring: Living in the wider w	orld	Summer: Health and Wellbeing			
Families and friendships Roles of different people; families; feeling cared for	Safe relationships Recognising privacy; staying safe; seeking permission	Respecting ourselves and others How behaviour affects others; being polite and respectful	Belonging to a community What rules are; caring for others' needs; looking after the environment	Media literacy and digital resilience Using the internet and digital devices; communicating Online	Money and work Strengths and interests; jobs in the community	Keeping healthy; food and exercise, hygiene routines; sun safety	Growing and changing Recognising what makes them unique and special; feelings; managing when things go wrong	Keeping safe How rules and age restrictions help us; keeping safe online	
acquaintances, friends and relatives play in our lives R2. Identify the people who love and care for them and what they do to help them feel cared for R3. Different types of families including those that may be different to their own R4. To identify common features of family life:support, love, care, sense of belonging, communication, valued, respected R5. That it is important to tell someone (such as their teacher) if something about their family makes them unhappy or worried	can be hurt by words and actions; that people can say hurtful things online R11. How people may feel if they experience hurtful behaviour or bullying R12. That hurtful behaviour (offline and online) including teasing, name-calling, bullying and deliberately excluding others is not acceptable; how to report	R22. How to treat themselves and others with respect; how to be polite and courteous Community issues Sexualised crime- Read NSPCC pantasourus, be aware of the 5 main pants rules.	are, why they are needed, and why different rules are needed for different situations: classroom rules, school rules, rules at home, rules in the community L2. how people and other living things have different		different strengths L16. different jobs that people they know or people who work in the community do L17. about some of the strengths and interests someone might need to do different jobs	H2. about foods that support good health and the risks of eating too much sugar H3. about how physical activity helps us to stay healthy; and ways to be physically active everyday H5. simple hygiene routines that can stop germs from spreading: regular hand washing, H6. that medicines (including vaccinations and immunisations and those that support allergic reactions) can help people to stay healthy H8. how to keep safe in the sun and protect skin from sun damage: hat, sun cream,	feelings that humans can experience (Use joy-filled and sorrow-filled words from Books Beyond Words) H12. how to recognise and name different feelings: happy, excited, sad, upset, angry H13. how feelings can affect people's bodies and how they behave H14. how to recognise what others might be feeling H15. to recognise that not everyone feels the same at the same time, or feels the same about the same things H21. to recognise what makes them special H22. to recognise the ways in which we are all unique H23. to identify what they are good at, what they like and dislike H24. how to manage when finding things difficult	Minecraft, PG fils, U films H34. basic rules to keep safe online, including what is meant by personal Information (name, age, address, school) and what should be kept private; the importance of telling a trusted adult if they come across something that scares them	
•	elatives, love, care, familie: alling, teasing, deliberate, p unkind, respect.			ilities, environment, interna gths, jobs, interests, comm	_		ve, care, comfortable feeli althy, active safe, private, t	ng, uncomfortable feeling, rust	

	Autumn: Relationships		Sı	oring: Living in the wider we	orld	Summer: Health and Wellbeing			
Families and friendships Making friends; feeling lonely, and getting help	Safe relationships Managing secrets; resisting pressure and getting help, recognising hurtful behaviour	Respecting ourselves and others Recognising things in common and differences; playing and working co-operatively; sharing opinions	Belonging to a community Belonging to a group; roles and responsibilities; being the same and different in the community	online content and infor-	Money and work What money is; needs and wants; looking after money	Physical health and Mental wellbeing Why sleep is important, medicines and keeping healthy keeping teeth healthy; managing feelings and asking for help	Growing and changing Growing older; naming body parts; moving class or year	Keeping safe Safety in different environments; risk and safety at home; emergencies	
things that make people feel good, giving compliments, being happy for your friends. R7. How to recognise when they or someone else feels lonely and what to do:feeling like you don't have friends, being on your own, asking others to join in, don't leave people out. R8. Simple strategies to resolve arguments between friends positively; STOP- before it gets out of control SAY what the conflict is about, THINK of positive options CHOOSE- a positive option RESPECT- the opinions of others R9. How to ask for help if a friendship is making them feel unhappy R24. How to listen to other people and play and work cooperatively	they experience hurtful behaviour or bullying R12. That hurtful behaviour (offline and online) including teasing, name-calling, bullying and deliberately excluding others is not acceptable; how to report bullying; the importance of telling a trusted adult		1		sources L11. That people make different choices about how to save and spend money L12. About the difference between needs and wants; that sometimes people may not always be able to have the things they want L13. That money needs to be looked after; different ways of doing this: saving money, piggy bank, thinking carefully about what we should spent it on L15. That jobs help people to earn money to pay for things	health H16. Ways of sharing feelings;	H20. About change and loss (including death); to identify feelings associated with this; to recognise what helps people to feel better H25. To name the main parts of the body including external genitalia: vulva, vagina, penis, testicles H26. Growing and changing from young to old and how people's needs change H27. Preparing to move to a new class/year group	H29. Recognise risk in simple everyday situations and what action to take to minimise harm: crossing the road, stranger danger H30. How to keep safe at home (including around electrical appliances) and fire safety (e.g. not playing with matches and lighters) H31. That household products (including medicines) can be harmful if not used correctly H32. Ways to keep safe in familiar and unfamiliar environments: beach, shopping centre, park, swimming pool, on the street and how to cross the road safely H33. The people whose job it is to help keep us safe: parents, school staff, professiosnals H34. Basic rules to keep safe online, including what is meant by personal Information: age, name, date of birth, address, and what should be kept private; the importance of telling a trusted adult if they come across something that scares them H35. What to do if there is an accident and someone is hurt H36. how to get help in an emergency: how to dial 999 and what to say H37. Things that people can put into their body or on their skin; how these can affect how people feel: alcohol, nicotine, caffine, energy drinks	
	ely, problem solving, listen, , offline, secrets, acceptabl help,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Living things, needs, caring, responsibilities, community, differences, internet, true, false, money, choices, need/want, job			Boy, girl, gender, penis, testicles, vulva, pregnant, baby, child, teenager, elderly life cycle, change,, grow, feelings, love, care, comfortable feeling, uncomfortable feeling			

	Autumn: Relationships			Sp	oring: Living in the wider wo	orld	Summer: Health and Wellbeing			
	Families and friendships What makes a family; features of family life	Safe relationships Personal boundaries; safely responding to others; the impact of hurtful behaviour	Respecting ourselves and others Recognising respectful behaviour; the importance of self-respect; courtesy and being polite	Belonging to a community The value of rules and laws; rights, freedoms and responsibilities	Media literacy and digital resilience How the internet is used; assessing information online	Money and work Different jobs and skills; job stereotypes; setting personal goals	Physical health and Mental wellbeing Health choices and habits; what affects feelings; expressing feelings	Growing and changing Personal strengths and achievements; managing and re-framing setbacks	Keeping safe Risks and hazards; safety in the local environment and unfamiliar places	
Year 3	different types of relationships: friendships, family relationships, online relationships R6. That a feature of positive family life is caring relationships; about the different ways in which people care for one another R7. To recognise and respect that there are different types of family structure: including single parents, same-sex parents, step-parents, blended families, foster parents; that families of all types can give family members love, security and stability R8. To recognise other shared characteristics of healthy family life, including commitment, care, spending time together; being there for each other in times of difficulty R9. How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice: trusted adults, childline.	including offline and online, and the consequences of hurtful behaviour R22. Privacy and personal boundaries; what is appropriate in friendships and wider relationships including online R24. How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter in all contexts including online whom they do not know Community issues Sexualised crime- Read NSPCC pantasourus, be aware of the 5 main pants rules.	recognise and model respectful behaviour online R31. To recognise the importance of self-respect and how this can affect their thoughts and feelings about themselves; that everyone, including them, should expect to be treated politely and with respect by others (including when online and/or anonymous) in school and in wider society; strategies to improve or support courteous, respectful relationships Community issues- Antisocial behaviour: causing distress to someone not in your household, how I behave in the community, good ways to behave, not good ways to behave	rules and laws; consequences of not adhering to rules and laws L2. To recognise there are human rights, that are there to protect everyone L3. The relationship between rights and responsibilities Community issues- Antisocial behaviour: causing distress to someone not in your household, what the laws are around antisocial behaviour.	the internet and social media can be used both positively and negatively L12. How to assess the reliability of sources of information online; and how to make safe, reliable choices from search results: green padlock, spelling mistakes in suggested websites, is the website a common one that they know, is it based in the uk	things about themselves and their achievements; set goals to help achieve personal outcomes L26. That there is a broad range of different jobs/ careers that people can have; that people often have more than one career/type of job during their life L27. About stereotypes in the workplace and that a person's career aspirations should not be limited by them: female nurses, male fireman etc L30. About some of the skills that will help them in their future careers: teamwork, communication and negotiation	about health: diet, exercise H2. The elements of a balanced, healthy lifestyle: sleep, hydration, diet, exercise, screen time H3. Choices that support a healthy lifestyle, and recognise what might influence these: too much sugar, fatty foods, too much screen time, lack of connection with others H4. How to recognise that habits can have both positive and negative effects on a healthy lifestyle		fire risks that may cause harm, injury or risk in the home: electrical hazzards, fire hazards; and what they can do to reduce risks and keep safe H41. Strategies for keeping safe in the local environment or unfamiliar places:rail, water, road and firework safety; safe use of digital devices when out and about	
	commitment, care, supp	ort,unhappy, unsafe, bully espectful, personal behav	ing, online, offline, privte,	negative, relationship	s, relable information, onlir lls teamwork,negotiaition,c	ne, offline, job, career,	reproductive organs, sperm, egg exercise, individuality, achi	, balanced lifestyle, bala	nced diet, nutrition,	

	Autumn: Relationships			Spri	ng: Living in the wider wo	orld	Summer: Health and Wellbeing			
	Families and friendships Positive friendships, including online	Safe relationships Responding to hurtful behaviour, managing confiden- tiality; recognising risks online	Respecting ourselves and others Respecting differences and similarities; discussing difference sensitively	Belonging to a community What makes a community; shared responsibilities	Media literacy and digital resilience How data is shared and used	Money and work Making decisions about money; using and keeping money safe	Physical health and Mental wellbeing Maintaining a balanced lifestyle; oral hygiene and dental care	Growing and changing Physical and emotional changes in puberty; external genitalia; personal hygiene routines; support with puberty	Keeping safe Medicines and household products; drugs common to everyday life	
Year 4	friendships; strategies for building positive friendships; how positive friendships support wellbeing R11. What constitutes a positive healthy friendship: mutual respect, trust, truthfulness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, sharing interests and experiences, support with problems and difficulties; that the same principles apply to online friendships as to face-to-face relationships R12. To recognise what it means to 'know someone online' and how this differs from knowing someone face-to-face; risks of communicating online with others not known face-to-face R13. The importance of seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded: trusted adults at school, childline, NSPCC R18. To recognise if a friendship (online or offline) is making them feel unsafe or uncomfortable; how to manage this and ask for support if necessary: trusted adults at school, childline, NSPCC	hurtful behaviour experienced or witnessed, offline and online including teasing, name-calling, bullying, trolling, harassment or the deliberate excluding of others; how to report concerns and get support: trusted adults at school, childline, NSPCC and CEOP R23. Why someone may behave differently online, including pretending to be someone they are not; strategies for recognising risks, harmful content and contact; how to report concerns (see R20) R27. Keeping something confidential or secret, when this should be e.g birthday surprise that others will find out about or should not be agreed to, and when it is right to break a confidence or share a secret R28. To recognise pressure from others to do something unsafe or that makes them feel uncomfortable and strategies for managing this: tell, tell, tell Community issues Sexualised crime- NSPCC PANTS rules, no means no and privates are private.	between people and recognising what they have in common with others e.g. physically, in personality or background R33. To listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, including those whose traditions, beliefs and lifestyle are different to their own	compassion towards others; shared responsibilities we all have for caring for other people and living things; how to show care and concern for others L6. About the different groups that make up their community; religions, ages, gender, sexuality, what living in a community means L7. To value the different contributions that people and groups make to the community Community issues-Antisocial behaviour: causing distress to someone not in your household, how I behave in the community, good ways to behave, not good ways to behave.	online, including for commercial purposes L14. How information on the internet is ranked, selected and targeted at specific individuals and groups; that connected devices can share information: Bluetooth, cookies	pay for things and the choices people have about this: up front, credit card, on credit, loans L19. That people's spending decisions can affect others and the environment: Fair trade, buying single-use plastics, or giving to charity L20. To recognise that people make spending decisions based on priorities, needs and wants L21. different ways to keep track of moneypiggy banks, visual to see what you have got, what you have left, value of money	balanced, healthy lifestyle: diet, exercise, sleep, being outside, making connections. H5. What good physical health means; how to recognise early signs of physical illness H11. How to maintain good oral hygiene: correct brushing and flossing, mouth wash; why regular visits to the dentist are essential; the impact of lifestyle choices on dental care: sugar consumption/acidic drinks such as fruit juices, smoothies and fruit teas; the effects of smoking	genitalia and internal reproductive organs in males and females and how the process of puberty relates to human reproduction (see SRE overview) H31. The physical and emotional changes that happen when approaching and during puberty: menstruation, key facts about the menstrual cycle and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet dreams. H32. How hygiene routines change during the time of puberty, the importance of keeping clean and how to maintain personal hygiene H34. Where to get more information, help and advice about growing and changing, especially about puberty: kidshealth.org, childline website	and manage risk in different situations H40. The importance of taking medicines correctly and using household products safely: following instructions carefully H46. The risks and effects of legal drugs common to everyday life: cigarettes, e-cigarettes/vaping, alcohol and medicines and their impact on health; recognise that drug use can become a habit which can be difficult to break	
	relationships, online, lon confidential, content, co	pect, trust, truthfulness, gen nely, excluded, offlne, uncon ontact, concerns, confidence mfortable, respectful, traditi	nfortable, risk, harmful, e, breaking confidence,	compassion, responsibility, money, paying, community, internet, fair trade, priorities, planning, budgeting.			puberty, change, grow, mature, private parts, genitals, vagina, labia, vulva, clitoris, penis, testicles, breasts, feelings, excited, up and down, attraction, worried, internal, inside, reproductive organs, menstruation, uterus, fallopian tubes, ovary/ovaries, cervix, menstrual cycle, period, blood, discharge, Adam's apple, penis, testicles, scrotum, sperm, semen, erection, ejaculation, wet dream, masturbation, sweat, body odour, sanitary towel, emotions, moods, healthy life style, hygiene, medicine, vaccinations, immunistations, drugs, alcohol, habbits.			

	Autumn: Relationships			S	pring: Living in the wider wo	orld	Summer: Health and Wellbeing		
	Families and friendships Managing friendships and peer influence	Safe relationships Physical contact and feeling safe	Respecting ourselves and others Responding respectfully to a wide rangeof people; recognis ing prejudice and discrimination	Belonging to a community Protecting the environment	Media literacy and digital resilience How information online is targeted; different media types, their role and impact	Money and work Identifying job interests and aspirations; what influences career choices; workplace stereotypes	Physical health and Mental wellbeing Healthy sleep habits; sun safety; medicines, vaccinations immunisations and allergies	Growing and changing Personal identity; recognising	Keeping safe Keeping safe in different situations including
Year 5	make people feel included; recognise when others may feel lonely or excluded; strategies for how to include them: ask them to joing in. R15. Strategies for recognising and managing peer influence and a desire for peer approval in friendships; to recognise the effect of online actions on others R16. Friendships can change over time, about making new friends and the benefits of having different types of friends R17. Friendships have ups and downs; strategies to resolve disputes and reconcile differences positively and safely R18. Recognise if a friendship (online or offline) is making them feel unsafe or uncomfortable; how to manage this and ask for support if necessary	feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice R25. Recognise different types of physical contact; hugging, holding hands, kissing, safe touch, what is acceptable and unacceptable; strategies to respond to unwanted physical contact R26. Seeking and giving permission (consent) in different situations R27. Keeping something confidential or secret, when this should be (e.g. a birthday surprise that others will find out about) or should not be agreed to, and when it is right to break a confidence or share a secret R29. Where to get advice and report concerns if worried about their own or someone else's personal safety (including online) CEOP, NSPCC Community issues Sexualised crime- NSPCC PANTS rules, no means no and privates are private.	R20. Strategies to respond to hurtful behaviour experienced or witnessed, offline and online including teasing, name-calling, bullying, trolling, harassment or the deliberate excluding of others; how to report concerns and get support CEOP, NSPCC, Childline R21. About discrimination: what it means and how to challenge it: tell a trusted adult, let the person know it is not ok. R31. To recognise the importance of self-respect and how this can affect their thoughts and feelings about themselves; that everyone, including them, should expect to be treated politely and with respect by others (including when online and/or anonymous) in school and in wider society; strategies to improve or support courteous, respectful relationships R33. To listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, including those whose traditions, beliefs and lifestyle are different to their own	shared responsibilities we all have for caring for other people and living things; how to show care and concern for others L5. Ways of carrying out shared responsibilities for protecting the environment in school and at home; how everyday choices can affect the environment:reducing, reusing, recycling; food choices Community issues- Antisocial behaviour: causing distress to someone not in your household, verbally and physically harming others, theft, vandilidm. Making good choices and considering others in the community.	reliability of sources of information online; and how to make safe, reliable choices from search results: green padlock, check the source-web address and spelling errors, check the author- are they credible, check the facts, check the comments. L14. How information on the internet is ranked, selected and targeted at specific individuals and groups; that connected devices can share information	trade, buying single-use plastics, or giving to charity L27. Stereotypes in the workplace and that a person's career aspirations should not be limited by them L28. What might influence people's decisions about a job or career:personal interests and values, family connections to certain trades or businesses, strengths and qualities, ways in which stereotypical assumptions can deter people from aspiring to certain jobs L29. Some jobs are paid more than others and money is one factor which may influence a person's job or career choice; that people may choose to do voluntary work which is unpaid L31. To identify the kind of job that they might like to do when they are older L32. To recognise a variety of routes into careers: college, apprenticeship, university	can affect health; how everyday hygiene routines can limit the spread of infection; the wider importance of personal hygiene and how to maintain it H10. How medicines, when used responsibly, contribute to health; that some diseases can be prevented by vaccinations and immunisations; how allergies can be managed H12. The benefits of sun exposure and risks of overexposure; how to keep safe from sun damage and sun/heat stroke and reduce the risk of skin cancer	behaviours that support mental health — including how good quality sleep, physical exercise/time outdoors, being involved in community groups, doing things for others, clubs, and activities, hobbies and spending time with family and friends can support mental health and wellbeing H25. Personal identity; what contributes to who we are: ethnicity, family, gender, faith, culture, hobbies, likes/dislikes H26. That for some people gender identity does not correspond with their biological sex H27. To recognise their individuality and personal qualities	H38. How to predict, assess and manage risk in different situations H43. What is meant by first aid; basic techniques for dealing with common Injuries: how to apply a plaster, how to apply a bandage to the arm, recovery position. H44. How to respond and react in an emergency situation; how to identify situations that may require the emergency services; know how to contact them and what to say: 999 name, where you are, what the situation is. H45. That female genital mutilation (FGM) is against British law, what to do and whom to tell if they think they or someone they know might be at risk
	friendship, included, lonely, excluded, peer influence, peer approval, ups and downs, resolve, online, offline, uncomfortable, consent, contact, acceptable, unacceptable, permission, confidential, breaking confidence, advice, teasing, name-calling, discrimination, self-respect, traditions				ilities, chices, reduce, reuse hoices, stereotypes, influer career choices, careers.		puberty, change, grow, mature, private parts, genitals, vagina, labia, vulva, clitoris, penis, testicles, breasts, feelings, excited, up and down, attraction, worried, internal, inside, reproductive organs, menstruation, uterus, fallopian tubes, ovary/ovaries, cervix, menstrual cycle, period, blood, discharge, Adam's apple, penis, testicles, scrotum, sperm, semen, erection, ejaculation, wet dream, masturbation, sweat, body odour, sanitary towel, sleep, routine, bacteria, viruses, vaccinations, immunisations, sun exposure, personality, FGM emergency, risk.		

emergency, risk.

Autu	Autumn: Relationships		Spi	ring: Living in the wide	r world	S	Summer: Health and Wellbeing			
Families and friendships Attraction to others; romantic relationships; civil partnership and marriage.	Safe relationships Recognising and managing pressure; consent in different situations	Respecting ourselves and others Expressing opinions and respecting other points of view, including discussing topical issues	and stereotypes	Media literacy and digital resilience Evaluating media sources; sharing things online	Money and work Influences and attitudes to money; money and financial risks .	Physical health and Mental wellbeing What affects mental health and ways to take care of it; managing change, loss and bereavement; managing time online	Growing and changing Human reproduction and birth;increasing independence; managing transition	Keeping safe Keeping personal information safe; regulations and choices; drug use and the law; drug use and the media		
R1. To recognise that there are different types of relationships: friendships, family relationships, romantic relationships, online relationships. R2. That people may be attracted to someone in different ways: emotionally, romantically and sexually; that people may be attracted to someone of the same sex or different sex to them; that gender identity and sexual orientation are different. R3. Marriage and civil partnership as a legal declaration of commitment made by two adults who love and care for each other, which is intended to be lifelong R4. That forcing anyone to marry against their will is a crime; that help and support is available to people who are worried about this for themselves or others. R5. People who love and care for each other can be in a committed relationship (e.g. marriage), living together, but may also live apart R7. To recognise and respect that there are different types of family structure: single parents, same-sex parents, step-parents, blended families, foster parents; that families of all types can give family members love, security and stability	R28. How to recognise pressure from others to do something unsafe or that makes them feel uncomfortable and strategies for managing this; practise saying no, think about your reasons and how to help your frinds understand, avoid situations where you might be asked to join in with situations you don't want to and tell someone you trust to help you to make it stop. R29. Where to get advice and report concerns if worried about their own or someone else's personal safety (including online); CEOP, childline, NSPCC, Samaritans.	behaviour can affect other people; to recognise and model respectful behaviour in person and online; treat others how you would like to be treated, treat people online the same way you would treat someone face to face, acknowledge and accept other' ideas, acknowledge and accept others' culture, religion, sexuality and gender. R34. How to discuss and debate topical issues, respect other people's point of view and constructively challenge those they disagree with: don't make it personal, avoind putting down the other persons ideas and beliefs, listen	influence behaviours and attitudes towards others; strategies for challenging stereotypes: consider your own reactions and actions, create a sense of belonging for everyone, be an ally, ask questions and make connections. L10. Prejudice; how to recognise behaviours /actions which discriminate against others; ways of responding to it if witnessed or experienced: tell a trusted adult, let the person know it is not ok.	used both positively and negatively L13. Some of the different ways dinformation and data is shared and used online, including for commercial purposes L15. Recognise things appropriate to share and things that should not be shared on social media; rules surrounding distribution of images L16. How text and images in the media and on social media can be manipulated or invented (Dove revrse selfie advert); strategies to evaluate the reliability of sources and identify misinformation: green padlock, check the source- web address and spelling errors, check the author- are they credible, check the facts, check the comments	people have different attitudes towards saving and spending money; what influences people's decisions; what makes something 'good value for money' L21. Different ways to keep track of money: money jars to show how much they have, understand impulse buys, knowing how much you have to spend, knowing when its gone, its gone. L22. Risks associated with money: money can be won lost or stolen and ways of keeping money safe L23. The risks involved in gambling; different ways money can be won or lost through gambling-related activities and their impact on health, wellbeing and future aspirations L24. To identify the ways that money can impact on people's feelings and	importance of balancing time online with other activities; strategies for managing time online: setting timers, time limits each day. H14. How and when to seek support, including which adults to speak to in and outside school, if they are worried about their health H15. That mental health, just like physical health, is part of daily life; the importance of taking care of mental health: sleep, diet, exercise, nature. H20. Strategies to respond to feelings, including intense or conflicting feelings; how to manage and respond to feelings appropriately and proportionately in different situations: FEEL-THINK-CHOOSE-BEHAVE. H21. To recognise warning signs about mental health and wellbeing and how to seek support for themselves and others H22. To recognise that anyone can experience mental ill health; that most difficulties can be resolved with help and support; and that it is important to	self-talk, use a mood booster (children create their own) H33. The processes of reproduction and birth as part of the human life cycle; how babies are conceived and born (and that there are ways to prevent a baby being made); how babies need to be cared for H35. The new opportunities and responsibilities that increasing independence may bring.	H46. The risks and effects of legal drugs common to everyday life: cigarettes, ecigarettes /vaping, alcohol and medicines, and their impact on health; recognise that drug use can become a habit which can be difficult to break H47. To recognise that there are laws surrounding the use of legal drugs and that some drugs are illegal to own, use and give to others H48. Why people choose to use or not use drugs H49. The mixed messages in the media about drugs, including alcohol and smoking/vaping H50. The organisations that can support people concerning alcohol, tobacco and nicotine or other drug use; people they can talk to if they have concerns:Talk to Frank, NSPCC		
relationships, romantic relat sexual), gender identity, sext commitment, forced consent/permission	ual orientatin, marrage	e, civil partnership, It structure,	budgeting, internet,so	l nity, stereotypes,preji ocial media, manipula ormation, money riks,	ted, invented, reliability,	menstruation, uterus, fallopian tu testicles, scrotum, sperm, seme embryo, pregnant, birth, contrace	ubes, ovary/ovaries, ce n, erection, ejaculation eption, condom, conser	strong feelings, reproductive organs, rvix, vagina, labia, clitoris, vulva, penis, egg, sexual intercourse, conception, ht, change, loss, grief, transition, drugs, bilities, legal, illegal, personal choice,		

private information.